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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/701,822	02/26/2004	Dong Jae You	10125/4116	7312
	7590 10/18/2007	EXAMINER		
Brinks Hofer Gilson & Lione Post Office Box 10395			SCHECHTER, ANDREW M	
Chicago, IL 606	510		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2871	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
ì	10/701,822	YOU ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Andrew Schechter	2871			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addre	9SS		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Description of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI. 136(a). In no event, however, may a did will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed VTHS from the mailing date of this comm BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30	July 2007.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D). 11, 453 O.G. 213.	•		
Disposition of Claims		•			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10,12-21,23-44,47 and 48</u> is/are p	ending in the application.	· .			
4a) Of the above claim(s) 7-10,14-21,29,30 ar	- · · · · ·	rom consideration.			
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13</u> is/are allowed.			•		
6) Claim(s) <u>1-6,12,23-28,31-33,43,44,47 and 48</u>	is/are rejected.	•	•		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		,		
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.	•			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 26 February 2004 is/a	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□	objected to by the Examiner	•		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-	152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	•			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. 8	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	·	, (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been received in A	opplication No			
3 Copies of the certified copies of the price	ority documents have been	received in this National Sta	age		
application from the International Burea	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not	received.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
2)		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	<u> </u>			

Art Unit: 2871

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 30 July 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The applicant argues that the cited references do not show a projecting part; referring to the parts of the projecting part in *Mashino*, for instance, the applicant points out that "[n]one of these elements projects further in the horizontal plane than any of the others". This is not persuasive. The projecting part indicated by the examiner projects in the vertical plane, towards the display panel as recited in dependent claim 12, just as the projection in the applicant's invention does. The previous rejections are therefore maintained, modified as necessary by the amendment to the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Art Unit: 2871

3. Claims 1-5, 12, 23, 25-27, 43, 44, and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by *Mashino et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,886,759.

Mashino discloses [see Figs. 1 and 5, for instance] a display comprising a light source [36], a display panel [62] having a display region, and at least one optical sheet [39] through which light from the light source passes and having region most proximate to the light source with a hardened part [the sandwich on the left in Fig. 5, from the light guide 37 to the reflector sheet 70 and everything in-between] that substantially prevents heat from the light source from being transferred to a display region of the at least one optical sheet corresponding to the display region of the display panel [apart from shielding light, the sandwich also acts as a heat sink to the light guide and the reflector sheet, thereby keeping the optical sheet to its right relatively cool, compared to if the hardened part was absent, thus substantially preventing heat from being transferred]; wherein the hardened part has a longitudinal axis [either along the center of hardened part or along the right edge of it in Fig. 5, for instance] spaced a distance from a nearest edge of the optical sheet disposed parallel to the longitudinal axis. The hardened part comprises a projecting part [79, projecting vertically]. Claim 1 is therefore anticipated.

Mashino also discloses the analogous method of manufacturing this display, so claim 23 is also anticipated.

There is a light guide panel [37] and the optical sheet is a diffusion sheet, so claims 2 and 25 are also anticipated. The optical sheet comprises a non-display region in which the hardened part is formed, so claim 3 is also anticipated. As seen in Fig. 1A, there is a non-display region of the display panel, and the hardened part overlaps it and

Art Unit: 2871

overlaps only it, so claims 4, 5, 26, 27, 43, and 44 are also anticipated. The projecting part projects towards the display panel, so claim 12 is also anticipated. The hardened part is aligned in a direction of warping generated by the heat from the light source [parallel the edge of the light source, as discussed under 35 USC 112], so claim 47 is also anticipated.

4. Claims 1, 2, 12, 23-25, 31-33, 47, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by *Jang et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 6,891,580.

[The applied reference has a common assignee and inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.]

Jang discloses [see Fig. 4, for instance] a display comprising a light source [220], a display panel [10], an optical sheet [260, 270, 280] through which light from the light source passes and having a region most proximate to the light source with a hardened part [see below] that substantially prevents heat from the light source from being transferred [see below] to a display region of the optical sheet corresponding to the display region of the display panel.

Jang does not explicitly refer to the bent portion shown in Fig. 4 as a "hardened part". However, it is bent which requires stress in the sheet, and according to the

Art Unit: 2871

present specification [see paragraph 0072 of the specification, for instance], the stress involved in bending the sheets inherently causes part of it to be hardened [the amount of hardening will vary, presumably related to the amount of stress in bending]. Thus, the bent portion being, to at least a certain extent, a "hardened part" is inherent. Similarly, the bent portion / hardened part increases the thermal resistance [again an inherent feature discussed in the present specification, so it is inherent that Jang's device satisfies the limitation that it substantially prevents [at least some] heat from being transferred. [The examiner notes that an argument that these features are not inherent in Jang but depend on, for instance, the specific bending process, would raise the issue of whether the present specification enables the claimed invention to be made and used by one of ordinary skill under 35 USC 112, first paragraph.] The hardened part has a longitudinal axis [along the line where the bend occurs] spaced a distance from a nearest edge of the optical sheet disposed parallel to the longitudinal axis. The hardened part comprises a projecting part [projecting vertically]. Claim 1 is therefore anticipated.

Jang also discloses the analogous method of manufacturing this display, so claim 23 is also anticipated.

There is a light guide panel [240] and the optical sheet comprises a diffusion sheet [260], so claims 2 and 25 are also anticipated. The projecting part projects towards the display panel, so claim 12 is also anticipated. The method comprises forming the hardened part in the optical sheet, so claim 24 is also anticipated. The optical sheet contained the hardened part having a projecting portion that projects

Art Unit: 2871

towards the display panel, so claim 31 is also anticipated. The method comprises forming the projecting portion in the optical sheet, so claim 32 is also anticipated. The projecting portion comprises a convex part [the hardened part is at the bend, and the bend is convex when viewed from above], so claim 33 is also anticipated. The hardened part is aligned in a direction of warping generated by the heat from the light source [parallel the edge of the light source, as discussed in a previous action under 35 USC 112], so claim 47 is also anticipated. The hardened part is integral to the optical sheet, so claim 48 is also anticipated.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 6 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Mashino et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,886,759 in view of *Jeong et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 6,595,651.

Mashino does not disclose the additional limitation that the hardened part is formed on opposing sides of the optical sheet. Mashino discloses a single lamp and a single hardened part. Having a single lamp and having two opposing lamps are art-recognized equivalents, as evidenced by Jeong [compare Figs. 6 and 11, for instance]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention

to make the device of *Mashino* with two opposing lamps [as shown in *Jeong's* Fig. 11], motivated by the art-recognized equivalence of doing so. The device would then have two hardened portions, one adjacent to each lamp [*Mashino* teaches the hardened portions are principally used to prevent light leakage, so each lamp would have one], formed on opposing sides, so claims 6 and 28 are therefore unpatentable.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. Claim 13 is allowed.
- 8. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The prior art does not disclose the device of claim 13, in particular the additional limitation that height of the projecting part is about 0.15 mm to about 0.2 mm. Claim 13 is therefore allowed.

Election/Restrictions

9. Claims 7-10, 14-21, 29, 30, and 34-42 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on 3 January 2006.

Art Unit: 2871

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew Schechter whose telephone number is (571) 272-2302. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 9:00 - 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Nelms can be reached on (571) 272-1787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2871

Page 9

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Andrew Schechter
Primary Examiner
Technology Center 2800
13 October 2007